# **Board of Directors' Charter**

The Board of Directors consists of directors with capabilities who work with the Company's executives in setting the Company's policies, short-term and long-term business plans, financial planning, risk management, and overall image of the organization. They have critical roles in supervising, examining, and evaluating performance of the Company and its executives to be in line with the policy or strategy.

### 1. Board Composition

The Board of Directors consists of:

- The number of members of the Board of Directors must be appropriate for the size of business of the Company. The Board of Directors is comprised of no less than 5 members as required by the law and no more than 12 members. At least half of the Board of Directors must be domiciled in Thailand and one non-executive director must have experience in the Company's business.
- One-third of the Board of Directors must consist of independent directors and no less than 3 independent directors.
- 3) The Board of Directors must consist of non-executive directors to perform duties and create balance between executive directors and non-executive directors and at least one-thirds of the member of the Board of Directors must be independent directors.

### 2. Qualifications of the Board of Directors

The minimum qualification criteria of each of the Company's directors are:

- 1) has suitable qualifications without any characteristic which is prohibited by the Public Company Act or other relevant laws, rules and regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Office of the Security and Exchange Commission and the Company's Articles of Association:
- has knowledge and capabilities beneficial to the Company's business operations and has good track records of work experience;
- has leadership, vision, and is independent in his/her decision-making to ensure utmost benefits to the Company and its shareholders;
- 4) is interested in the Company's business and sufficiently devotes time to the Company; and
- 5) performs his/her duties with honesty, ethics and in compliance with the laws and good corporate governance and code of conduct.

### 3. Term of Directorship

Term of directorship shall be in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association. At every annual general meeting of shareholders, one-third of the members of the Board of Directors shall retire by rotation. If the number of directors is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office. A retiring director may be nominated to the meeting for re-election.

In addition, the Board of Directors has set a policy that an independent director may lose his/her independency if holding the position of independent director for nine consecutive years or three consecutive terms.

### 4. Duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors

- Under the laws, the Board of Directors has fiduciary duty to conduct the Company's business operation in the way that provides utmost benefits to the shareholders. The Board of Directors comply with four important principles:
  - 1.1. perform its duties with care (Duty of Care)
  - 1.2. perform its duties with honesty and protect benefits of the Company and shareholders (Duty of Loyalty)
  - 1.3. comply with the laws, objectives, Articles of Association and resolutions of the shareholders' meeting (Duty of Obedience)
  - 1.4. disclose accurate and complete information with transparency and on time to shareholders (Duty of Disclosure)

In addition, the Board of Directors shall comply with good corporate governance principles and policies as directors of listed companies in accordance with the Principle of Good Corporate Governance of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Office of the Securities Exchange Commission.

- 2) The authorized signatories of the Company are in accordance with the Company Affidavit which is Mr. Matthew Kichodhan, Ms. Cathleen Maleenont, Ms. Piyawadee Maleenont or Mr. Tee Seeumpornroj can jointly sign with the Company's seal affixed to bind the Company.
- 3) The Board of Directors shall set vision, mission, strategy, and business policies on an annual basis for the utmost benefits of shareholders.
- 4) The Board of Directors shall ensure that the Company's business plan gives it a competitive advantage over competitors in both local and international markets.
- 5) The Board of Directors shall monitor, follow up and evaluate performance of Wave Group and its high-level executives to ensure that the policy and strategy have been complied for the highest benefits of the relevant parties.

- 6) The Board of Directors shall monitor and develop risk management system including monitoring and development of corporate governance to ensure that the systems are of accepted standard.
- 7) The Board of Directors shall not conduct any act which competes with the interests of the Company and causes conflict against the Company.
- 8) The Board of Directors shall manage the Company with honesty, care and in accordance with the laws, objectives and the Articles of Association of the Company, and resolutions of the shareholders' meetings.
- 9) The Board of Directors shall encourage employees at every levels to have work ethics by placing great importance on internal control and audit system to lower the risk of dishonesty and abuse of power and to protect any act which violates the laws.
- 10) The Board of Directors shall look after rights and interests of major and minority shareholders, being transparent in performing its duties, and disclosing correct and sufficient information. The performance of the Board of Directors shall be verifiable.
- 11) The directors shall attend both board meetings and shareholders' meetings, except in case of any unanticipated circumstance in which the director must inform the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the Secretary of the Board of Directors in advance.

In performing its duties, the Board of Directors may consult independent advisors or professional experts as required and necessary.

### 5. Board of Directors' Meetings

The essential duty of the Company's Board of Director is to attend the directors' meeting regularly to acknowledger and jointly making decision in business operation of the Company, the policy and practical guidelines of the directors' meeting are as follows:

1) Number and agenda of the meeting

The meeting shall be held at least every 3 month period (4 times annually), agenda of the meeting will be clearly designated prior to each meeting where extraordinary meeting may be convene to consider emergency issue.

The designation on the directors' meeting is designated as the agenda in the last meeting of the year to prior determine on the adequate date and time, so the director can make an arrangement at the early year.

## 2) Quorum and meeting

In the directors' meeting, not less than half of all directors shall present to constitute the quorum.

In the directors' meeting of the Company, the chairman director shall act as the chairman of the meeting and encourage the directors to suggest their opinion freely. The resolution in the directors' meeting shall be decided by majority vote which each director is entitle to one vote, where the director who has conflict of interest shall not attend the meeting and/or not entitle to vote in such agenda, in case of tie vote, chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to another vote as a casting vote. Each meeting shall take approximately 2-3 hours, which is sufficient for the management to propose agendas, and for the directors to discuss material affairs with due care.

The Board of Director can directly request additional information from the CEO, or company secretary, and may invite CEO and other related persons in each affairs for the investigation, or giving facts to the meeting.

### 3) Agendas of the meeting

The Chairman of the Board of Directors and Executive Committee shall jointly designate the agendas, which each director may propose other affairs as agenda of the meeting.

### 4) Delivery of notice of the meeting

In each meeting, the Company shall deliver supportive documents 5 business days prior to the meeting date, to provide sufficient time for the directors to study the affairs before the meeting.

#### 5) Minutes of meeting

At the end of the meeting, the company secretary shall prepare minutes of the meeting and introduce to the chairman of the Board of Director to certify correct, and introduce for approval in the first agenda of the next meeting. The director may suggest, amend, or add to correct the minutes of meeting.

The certified minutes of meeting shall be kept in hard copy along with the supportive documents of each agenda, which is prioritized as most confidential document and kept at the Corporate Finance which is the company secretary's office for ease reference.

### 6) Non-executive directors' meeting

Non-executive directors may convene a meeting as they see necessary, to discuss affairs regarding management without the executive attending the meeting.